

République Algérienne Démocratique et Populaire
Ministère de l'Enseignement Supérieur et de la Recherche Scientifique

Concours National pour l'obtention de Bourse de formation Post-Graduée à l'Etranger
au titre de l'année universitaire 2009/2010

Epreuve : Anglais – Sujet n° 1

Corrigé - type

I- Comprehension (6 pts)

- 1 – Digitalization decentralizes, flattens and makes things bigger and smaller at the same time.
- 2 – Because they have no size, no shape and no colour.
- 3 – He says that the effects will be no substantial than if we changed the force of gravity.

II- Vocabulary (4 pts)

Find in the text words similar in meaning to:

Helpless (clueless) – bear (support) – towns (cities) – consequences (effects) – proper (own) – dimension (length) – lifts (elevators) – mass (weight).

III- Grammar (4 pts)

Turn the following to the negative form:

It does not flatten, and it does not make things bigger and smaller at the same time.
But just as cars did not change the shape of cities, bits will not change the shape of organizations.

IV- Paragraph : Language, 2. Cohesion, 2. Coherence of essay, 2. = 6 pts

How does digitalization affect the organization of your own studies ?

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EPREUVE DE LANGUE ANGLAISE

Durée : Une heure
Barème et Corrigé type

(sujet n: 2)

I-Circle the letter corresponding to the answer (2 points)

1. The text is about: b- The impact of advertising on the individual
2. Publicity has: a- A greater impact on the poor and deprived people

II-Are the following statements True or False? Write "T" for True and "F" for False (4 points)

1. Advertising is of no use for economic growth. **False**
2. Commercial emails and spam cost nothing to the Internet service providers. **False**
3. No one can escape the negative effects of advertising. **True**
4. Advertising is everywhere. **True**

III-Give opposites keeping the same root (4 points)

a-Necessary: unnecessary b- careful: careless c- without: with d- real: unreal

IV-Complete sentence (b) so that it means the same as sentence (a) (4 points)

1. a. "Well-advertised products are not necessarily good ones", he said.
b. He said that well-advertised products were not necessarily good ones.
2. a. Some advertisements frustrate deprived people.
b. Deprived people are frustrated by some advertisements.

V-Write a paragraph on the effects of publicity on people (6 points)

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EPREUVE DE LANGUE ANGLAISE

Durée : Une heure
Barème et Corrigé type

(sujet n°3)

I. Comprehension questions (8 points)

1. Give a title to the text: The green house effect
2. The main phenomena which threaten life on earth are: rising temperature, flooding, rising sea level, reduction of tropical forests, desertification, and dioxide emissions.
3. The "Greenhouse Effect" effect is a rise in temperature
4. If decisive measures are not taken the earth will become uninhabitable

II. Find synonyms to the following words from the text: (4 points)

1. inundate: flood
2. Increasing: growing
3. Happening: taking place
4. expansion: growth

III. Write sentence (b) so as to mean the same as sentence (a) (2 points)

- 1-a. Pollution threatens mankind.
b. Mankind is threatened by pollution
- 2-a. Calvin won a Nobel Prize.
b. A Nobel Prize was won by Calvin

IV. Write a paragraph showing how the problem of the environment can be solved. (6 points)

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EPREUVE DE LANGUE ANGLAISE

Durée : Une heure

WATER

Barème et Corrigé type

(sujet n° 4)

1. Answer the following questions according to the text: (6 points)

- a- About 25% of the surface of the earth is land.
- b- Developing countries often have problems of water.
- c- Lake Chad is similar to the sea of Aral in the over-use of water

2. Synonyms and opposites (6 points)

2.1. Find in the text words or expressions that are closest in meaning to:

- a- necessary for life: vital b- supply: sustain c- quantity: amount

2.2 Find in the text words or expressions that are opposite in meaning to:

- a- lowest: highest b- appropriate: unfit c- increased: reduced

3. Rewrite sentence "b" so as it means the same as sentence "a" (4 points)

- c- The government takes special measures concerning water.
- d- Special measures concerning water are taken by the government
- c- The president said: "We are not working hard enough."
- d- The president said that they were not working hard enough

4. Written Expression (4 points)

Write a paragraph about the following topic

The shortage of water may have disastrous consequences. Discuss

Corrigé type et barème

(sujet 5)

1. **TITLE:** Education in Britain / The British educational system out of /4

2. **SUMMARY:**

A. Central ideas: out of /6

- The British educational system is almost the same as it is in other European countries.
- There are three stages: the first stage (primary), the second stage (secondary) and the third (tertiary) stage which is 'further' education at university or college.
- A child in Britain starts education at the age of five.
- Nearly all schools work a five-day week, with no half-day, and are closed on Saturdays
- In primary schools, the class teacher teaches all subjects. At the ages of seven and eleven, children have to take national tests in English, mathematics and science. In secondary schools, pupils have different teachers for different subjects.

B. Cohesion and coherence of essay: out of /10

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Corrigé type et barème

(sujet n° 6)

1. Give a title to the text

Original Title: Why should I learn a language?

Out of / 4

2. Summary:

a. Central ideas: **Out of / 6**

- Types of reasons for learning a language.
- Learning a language for work or business.
- Learning a language for studies.
- Learning a language for cultural concerns.

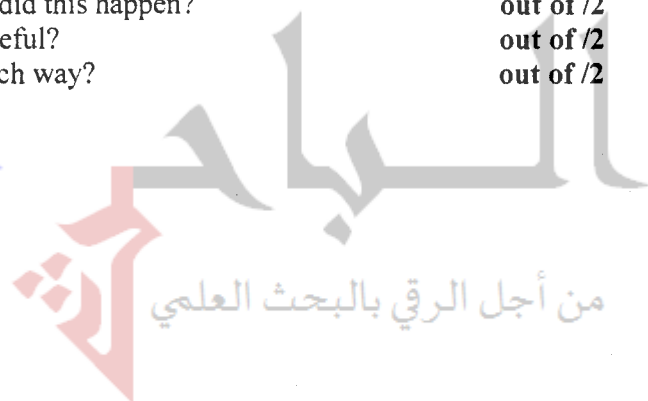
b. Cohesion and coherence of essay: **Out of / 10**

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Corrigé type et barème

(sujet n:7)

- 1- - F out of /1
 - T out of /1
 - F out of /1
 - T out of /1
- 2- - § 1 out of /1
 - § 3 out of /1
- 3- developed – progressed out of /1
 send – transmit out of /1
 gain – benefit out of /1
 linked – joined up out of /1
- 4- the microscope was invented by Jansen in 1950. out of /2
- 5- A: Who invented the radio? out of /2
 A: When did this happen? out of /2
 A: Is it useful? out of /2
 A: In which way? out of /2



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Epreuve : Anglais – Sujet n° 8

Corrigé - type

I- Comprehension

1. *Are the following statements true or false ? (4 pts)*
 - a) Soccer is the most popular sport in America. **False**
 - b) Football isn't played in the USA. **False**
 - a) Soccer could be found in North Africa, long time ago. **True**
 - b) Millions of viewers watched last world cup finals. **True**
2. *Choose the most appropriate title for the text above. (1 pt)*
 - a) The last World Cup Finals.
 - b) Football and Soccer.
 - c) **The history of Soccer.**
3. *What do the underlined words or phrases in the text refer to ? (3 pts)*
 - a) its ... (§1) = **Soccer's**
 - b) the same reasons ... (§2) = **The continuous action and fast pace**
 - c) who ... (§3) = **Players**

II- Vocabulary

1. *Find in the text words, phrases or expressions closest in meaning to. (4 pts):*
 - a. try = **attempt**
 - b) all over = **throughout**
 - c) restricted = **limited**
 - d) award = **prize**
2. *Find in the text words, phrases or expressions opposite in meaning to. (4 pts)*
 - a. least ≠ **most**
 - b) minor ≠ **major**
 - c) slow ≠ **fast**
 - d) bottom ≠ **top**
3. *Fill in the gaps so that the passage makes sense. (4 pts)*

One of the top women athletes Algeria ...**has**... ever known is Hassiba Boulmerka. This athlete has ...**taken**... part in different running competitions all over the world. Thanks to her fitness ...**and her**... determination, she has won medals and become a ...**star**... long distance race. She was the youngest world champion ever in 1500-metre competition.

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Epreuve : Anglais – Sujet n° 9

Corrigé - type

I- Comprehension

1. Are the following statements true or false ? (4 pts)

- a) Millions of people are hungry. **True**
- b) In the 1990's poverty dropped in some countries. **True**
- c) China and India are getting poorer and poorer. **False**
- d) Hunger is not dangerous for children. **False**

2. Choose the main idea of the text :(1 pt)

- a) Underdevelopment.
- b) Economic growth.
- c) Starvation in Africa.
- d) **Poverty in the world.**

3. What do the underlined words in the text refer to ? (3 pts)

- a) it ... (§1) = **The lack of food**
- b) task ... (§3) = **Reversing this negative trend**
- c) in these regions ... (§4) = **Sub-Saharan Africa and Southern Asia**

II- Vocabulary

4. Find in the text words or phrases that are closest in meaning to the following : (4 pts)

- a) survive = **subsist** b) dangerous = **perilous** c) decrease = **reduce** d) requests = **requires**

5. Find in the text words or phrases that are opposite in meaning to the following : (4 pts)

- a) wealth ≠ **poverty** b) increasing ≠ **reducing** c) improved ≠ **deteriorated** d) prosperous ≠ **poor**

6. Fill in the gaps so that the passage makes sense. (4 pts)

We need urgently to bring the planet and people back into the picture. The world ...**can**... be fed only by feeding all beings that make the world. In giving food to other ...**beings**... and species we maintain conditions for our ...**food**... security. In feeding the earth worms we feed ourselves. In feeding cows, we feed the soil, and in providing for the soil, we ...**provide**... food for humans.